



Updates



Employment and Skills

Gemma Ruigrok, Rutland County Council

Provider	Referral Point	Frequency	Where	Criteria
DWP	Stamford Jobcentre	Fortnightly from 9:30am to 1.30pm	Library	Anyone claiming benefits
Futures	Wendy.Webb@futuresadvice.co.uk	First Friday of the Month	Library	16- 18 and claiming benefits Anyone 19+
Youth Service	Jules House	As required	Jules House	Offer careers support to Young People Under 19 (25 years with ECHP)
Aspiro	http://www.aspiro.org.uk/ (online referral form)	Case work	Home visiting	Referral through CMHT or other mental health service
Stamford/ Brooksby/ other colleges	Stamford: 01780 484 300 Brooksby: 01664 855444		Stamford/ Melton	Post 16 provision Apprenticeships Traineeships Supported Internships
Rutland Adult Learning	01572 758122	As required	Oakham Enterprise	Range of courses from confidence building to Accountancy courses.

Week	Title	Content	Venue	Delivery Partner	IAG
1. 12th	Confidence and Well- Being	Interactive session designed to give people confidence to continue with the course. e.g. African drumming	JULES HOUSE	Leicester Recovery College	RALS courses
2. W/ B 19th	Time Management	Practicalities of working and benefits Transitioning from benefits to work Clothes, interview skills, childcare, care options Travel Employer involvement	Library	DWP *Rose-IAG	CAB DWP
3. W/B 26th	Staying Safe online Online accounts	Setting up linked in account Staying safe online Attaching CV's Setting up Universal Job match Setting up Universal Credit Account	Library	RALS-confirmed	RALS Futures RAP
4. 2 nd Feb	Money Management	Managing budgets, direct debits, standing orders, Jam Jar accounts Saving Working and benefits	Library	CAP-confirmed	CAB RAP
5. 9 th Feb	Cooking and celebration lunch	Store cupboard cooking Celebration lunch for everyone from the course	Childrens Centre kitchen booked 12 - 3	CC kitchen	Foodbank RAP



Autism Partnership Board

Vandana Ferguson, Rutland County Council

[Click here](#)

- The 1st link is about The Autism Act 2009,
- Approximately 1% of the population have autism
- That is about the same number of people who have dementia.
- Approximately 1 person in 3 who has a learning disability also has autism.
- Mental Health problems can be more common among people who have autism
- But AUTISM is neither a learning disability or a mental health problem.
- The Autism Act 2009 did two key things.
- The first was to put a duty on the Government to produce a strategy for autistic adults, which was published in March 2010
- The second was to place a duty on the Government to produce statutory guidance for local councils and local health bodies on implementing the adult autism strategy by the end of 2010.
- The link above has more information

[Click here](#)

The 2nd link is from

The Carers Centre on behalf of families who support people who have autism

Jackie Robinson from De Montfort university came to talk to the carers team about the work she is doing with people who have Asperger syndrome.

The work they are doing looking at:

Me understanding me

Me understanding others

Others understanding me

Using this way of thinking it helps people to understand why we sometimes have difficulty understanding each other.

The link above has more information



Better Health Group

Cheryl Bosworth

Transforming Care Partnership

(a national plan for changing services in England)

Rutland Learning Disability Partnership Board
28th November 2017

What is Transforming Care about?



PANORAMA



- In 2012, a TV programme showed people with learning disabilities being very badly treated at Winterbourne View Hospital
- This is called abuse. Abuse is wrong. No-one should be abused.
- An investigation took place and some staff went to prison and the hospital was closed down.
- The Government set up the Winterbourne View Improvement Programme to make sure these bad things did not happen again. This is now called the Transforming Care Programme.

What the Government said

- People should be supported in the community, this can be in supported living, residential care or a family home.
- Support should be person centred.
- People should be able to get support close to home and only go to hospital when they really need to.
- Nobody should be in a hospital longer than they need to be there.



What are we doing in Leicester?



- Leicester, Leicestershire and Rutland Council's and health colleagues are working together to improve services for people with a learning disability and or autism.



- This is called the Transforming Care Partnership.
- We have developed a plan.



- The plan is about stopping people with a learning disability and/or autism going into mental health hospital or supporting them to move out when they are well enough.



- The Agnes Unit is the local mental health hospital for people with a learning disability and autism.
- There are currently 6 people in the Agnes Unit who are ready to move out.



The plan

4 key priorities to help us close beds at the Agnes Unit



1. To make sure people have a suitable place to stay when they leave hospital.
2. To make sure discharges are properly planned.
3. To make sure the right support services are in place across health and social care
4. To make sure the people providing the support are experienced and trained.

What have we done so far?

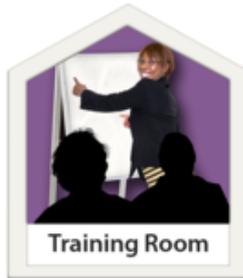


- The Outreach Team is now bigger and work 7 days a week. This means more people now will get support at home and stop people needing to be admitted to the hospital.



- This has helped us close some of the hospital beds at the Agnes Unit. Although we want to close more beds.

What have we done so far?



- Training for staff, so they know how to support people properly
- A Children's mental health crisis service has been set up to help young people stay in the community.



What do we still need to do?



- To work with services users and family/carers in developing our plans
- To make sure that support plans are person centred
- To work with local housing providers to make sure a good supply of suitable houses.

What do we still need to do?



- Learning disability services will work with groups to help people understand more about their health needs and how to look after their health.



- People will have access to local services and will only move out of the area if they really need to. We still have 15 people in hospital outside of our area.



- We need a service that can support people who are in crisis



- We will work with children's service to get a better understanding of young peoples needs as they become adults and to stop young people going into hospital



Any questions?